## QUALIFYING EXAM

## Geometry and Topology, March 23, 2010

- 1. Let  $M_n$  be the space of all  $n \times n$  matrices with real entries and let  $S_n$  be the subset consisting of all symmetric matrices. Consider the map  $F: M_n \longrightarrow S_n$  defined by  $F(A) = AA^t I$ , where I is the identity matrix and  $A^t$  is the transpose of A.
  - (a) Show that  $0_{n\times n}$  (the  $n\times n$  matrix with all entries 0) is a regular value of F.
  - (b) Deduce that O(n), the set of all  $n \times n$  matrices such that  $A^{-1} = A^t$  is a submanifold of  $M_n$ .
  - (c) Find the dimension of O(n) and determine the tangent space of O(n) at the identity matrix as a subspace of the tangent space of  $M_n$  which is  $M_n$  itself.
- 2. Show that  $T^2 \times S^n$ ,  $n \ge 1$  is parallelizable, where  $S^n$  is the n sphere,  $T^2 = S^1 \times S^1$  is the two torus, and a manifold of dimension k is said to be parallelizable if there are k vector fields  $V_1, \ldots, V_k$  on it with  $V_1(p), \ldots, V_k(p)$  linearly independent for all points p of the manifold.
- 3. Suppose  $\pi: M_1 \longrightarrow M_2$  is a  $C^{\infty}$  map of one connected differentiable manifold to another. And suppose for each  $p \in M_1$ , the differential  $\pi_*: T_pM_1 \longrightarrow T_{\pi(p)}M_2$  is a vector space isomorphism.
  - (a) Show that if  $M_1$  is connected, then  $\pi$  is a covering space projection.
  - (b) Given an example where  $M_2$  is compact but  $\pi: M_1 \longrightarrow M_2$  is not a covering space (but has the  $\pi_*$  isomorphism property).
- 4. Let  $\mathcal{F}^k(M)$  denote the differentiable  $(C^{\infty})$  k-forms on a manifold M. Suppose U and V are open subsets of a differentiable manifold.
  - (a) Explain carefully how the usual exact sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}(U \cup V) \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}(U) \oplus \mathcal{F}(V) \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}(U \cap V) \longrightarrow 0$$

arises.

(b) Write down the "long exact sequence" in de Rham cohomology associated to the short exact sequence in part (a) and describe exaplicitly how the map

$$H^k_{deR}(U\cap V)\longrightarrow H^{k+1}_{deR}(U\cup V)$$

arises.

5. Explain carefully why the following holds: if  $\pi: S^N \longrightarrow M$ , N > 1 is a covering space with M orientable, then every closed k-form on M,  $1 \le k < N$  is exact.

- (Suggestion: Recall that the covering transformations in this situation form a group G with  $S^N/G \cong M$ ).
- 6. Calculate the singular homology of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , n > 1, with k points removed,  $k \geq 1$ . (Your answer will depend on k and n).
- 7. (a) Explain what is meant by adding a handle to a 2-sphere for a two dimensional orientable surface in general.
  - (b) Show that a 2 sphere with a positive number of handles attached can not be simply connected.
- 8. (a) Define the degree  $\deg f$  of a  $C^{\infty}$  map  $f: S^2 \longrightarrow S^2$  and prove that  $\deg f$  as you present it is well-defined and independent of any choices you need to make in your definition.
  - (b) Prove in detail that for each integer k (possibly negative), there is a  $C^{\infty}$  map  $f: S^2 \longrightarrow S^2$  of degree k.
- 9. Explain how Stokes Theorem for manifolds with boundary gives, as a special case, the classical divergence theorem (about  $\iiint_U \operatorname{div} Vd(\operatorname{vol})$ , where U is a bounded open set in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  with smooth boundary and V is a  $C^{\infty}$  vector field on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ).
- 10. (a) Show that every map  $F: S^n \longrightarrow S^1 \times \cdots \times S^1$  (k copies of  $S^1$ ) is null-homotopic (homotopic to a constant map).
  - (b) Show that there is a map  $F: S^1 \times \cdots S^1$  (n copies)  $\longrightarrow S^n$  such that F is not null-homotopic.
  - (c) Show that every map  $F: S^n \longrightarrow S^{n_1} \times S^{n_2} \times \cdots \times S^{n_k}$ ,  $n_1 + \cdots + n_k = n$ ,  $n_j > 0$ ,  $k \geq 2$ , has degree 0. (You may use any definition of degree you like, and you may assume F is  $C^{\infty}$ ).