

**QUALIFYING EXAM**  
**Geometry/Topology**  
**March 2024**

*Attempt all ten problems. Each problem is worth 10 points. You must fully justify your answers.*

1. (a) (5 pts) Show that the Lie group  $SL_2(\mathbb{R}) = \{A \in M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R}) \mid \det(A) = 1\}$  is diffeomorphic to  $S^1 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ .  
(b) (5 pts) Show that the Lie group  $SL_2(\mathbb{C}) = \{A \in M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{C}) \mid \det(A) = 1\}$  is diffeomorphic to  $S^3 \times \mathbb{R}^3$ .

(Hint to both parts: normalize the first row vector.)

2. Let

$$\mathbb{RP}^n = (\mathbb{R}^{n+1} - \{0\}) / (x_0, \dots, x_n) \sim t(x_0, \dots, x_n),$$

for all  $(x_0, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} - \{0\}$  and  $t \in \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$  be the real  $n$ -dimensional projective space, and let  $X = \{[(x_0, \dots, x_n)] \in \mathbb{RP}^n \mid x_0 = 0\}$ , where  $[(x_0, \dots, x_n)]$  is the equivalence class of  $(x_0, \dots, x_n)$ . Is it possible to find a smooth map  $f : \mathbb{RP}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  with  $0 \in \mathbb{R}$  as a regular value and preimage  $f^{-1}(0) = X$ ?

3. Let  $M \subset N$  a compact submanifold of codimension  $\geq 3$ . Show that if  $N$  is connected and simply connected, then so is the complement  $N - M$ .
4. Let  $M, N$  be closed oriented  $n$ -manifolds with  $N$  connected. Show that if  $f : M \rightarrow N$  has nonzero degree, then  $f^* : H_{\text{dR}}^*(N; \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow H_{\text{dR}}^*(M; \mathbb{R})$  is injective. (Hint: First show that  $f^* : H_{\text{dR}}^n(N; \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow H_{\text{dR}}^n(M; \mathbb{R})$  is injective.)
5. Find two vector fields  $X$  and  $Y$  on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  such that  $X, Y, [X, Y]$  are everywhere linearly independent.
6. Let  $X$  be a topological space and  $p \in X$ . Let  $Y$  be the topological space obtained from  $X \times [0, 1]$  by contracting  $(X \times \{0, 1\}) \cup (\{p\} \times [0, 1])$  to a point. Describe the relation between the homology groups of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
7. Exhibit a space whose fundamental group is isomorphic to  $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) * (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})$ , where  $\mathbb{Z}/k\mathbb{Z}$  denotes the integers modulo  $k$  and  $*$  denotes the free product. Also exhibit a space whose fundamental group is isomorphic to  $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z}) \times (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})$ .
8. (a) (3 pts) Define what it means for a covering space to be regular.  
(b) (7 pts) Give an example of an irregular covering space of the wedge sum  $S^1 \vee S^1$ .
9. (a) (2 pts) Show that a nonsingular linear  $A : \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^{n+1}$  induces a smooth map  $\Phi_A : \mathbb{CP}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{CP}^n$ .  
(b) (2 pts) Show that the fixed points of  $\Phi_A$  correspond to eigenvectors of the original matrix.

(c) (3 pts) Show that  $\Phi_A$  is a Lefschetz map if the eigenvalues of  $A$  all have multiplicity 1.

(d) (3 pts) Show that the Lefschetz number of  $\Phi_A$  is  $n + 1$ .

10. Consider the following subsets of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ :

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \{(0, 0, z) \mid z \in \mathbb{R}\}, \\B &= \{(\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 0) \mid \theta \in \mathbb{R}\}, \\C &= \{(\cos \theta, \sin \theta + 5, 0) \mid \theta \in \mathbb{R}\}.\end{aligned}$$

Show that  $\mathbb{R}^3 - A - B$  and  $\mathbb{R}^3 - A - C$  are not homeomorphic.